

# 1 Dummy Variable Regression Models

## Dummy Variables

- Represented as  $D_i$
- $D_i = \{0 \text{ or } 1\}$
- Measure qualitative data
- Examples:
  - Gender:  $D_{1i} = \text{Male}$  and  $D_{2i} = \text{Female}$
  - Ethnicity:  $D_{1i} = \text{Caucasian}$ ,  $D_{2i} = \text{Latino}$ ,  $D_{3i} = \text{Asian}$ , etc.
  - Region:  $D_{1i} = \text{Northwest}$ ,  $D_{2i} = \text{Southwest}$ ,  $D_{3i} = \text{Central}$ , etc.
  - Time period:  $D_{1i} = \text{1970s}$ ,  $D_{2i} = \text{1980s}$ , etc.

## Dummy-Variable Trap

- Seasonality:  $D_{1i} = \text{Spring}$ ,  $D_{2i} = \text{Summer}$ ,  $D_{3i} = \text{Fall}$ , and  $D_{4i} = \text{Winter}$
- Regression model:  $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 D_{2i} + \beta_3 D_{3i} + \beta_4 D_{4i} + u_i$
- Omit one category with an intercept – base category
- Otherwise, perfect multicollinearity

## Intercept Dummy

- $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 D_i + \beta_3 X_i + u_i$
- Parallel regression lines with shift
- Draw figure

## Slope (Interactive) Dummy

- $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 D_i + \beta_3 X_i + \beta_4 (D_i * X_i) + u_i$
- Two regression lines with shift and different slopes
- Draw figure

## Applications

- Earnings equation:  $Wage_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 Union_i + \beta_3 Exper_i + \beta_4(Union_i * Exper_i) + u_i$
- Phillips curve